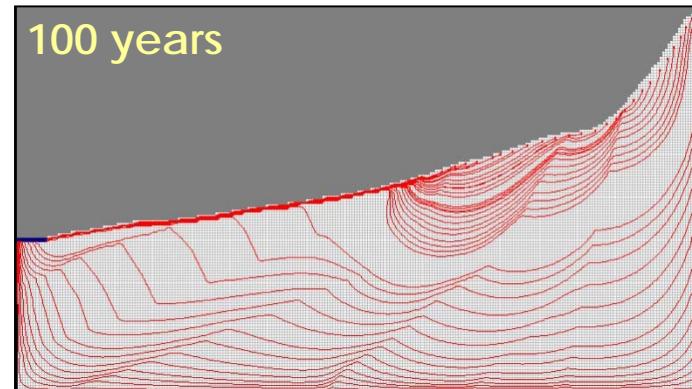
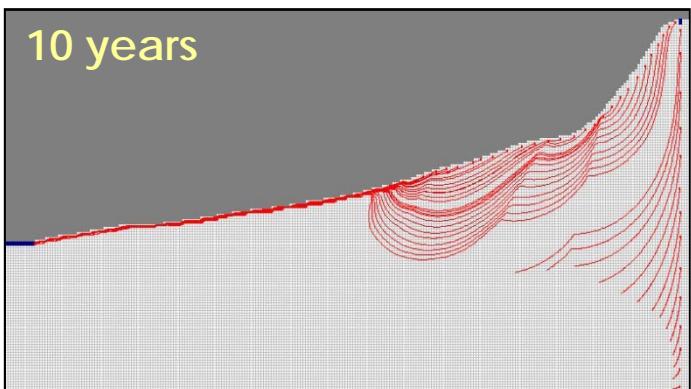
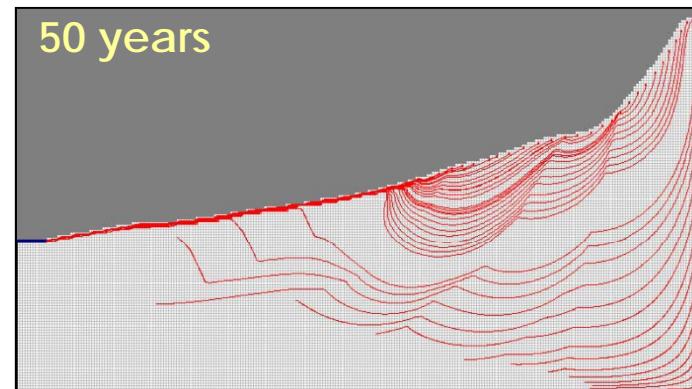
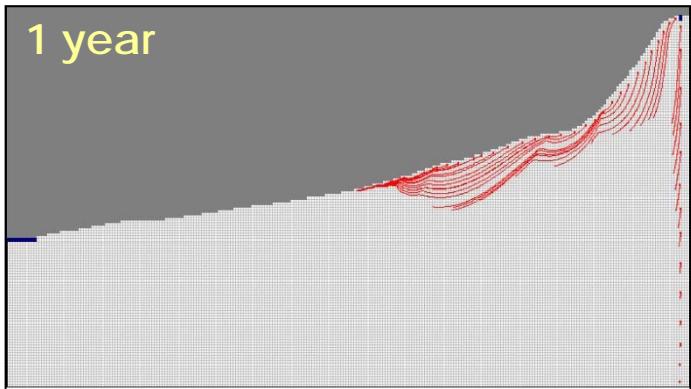
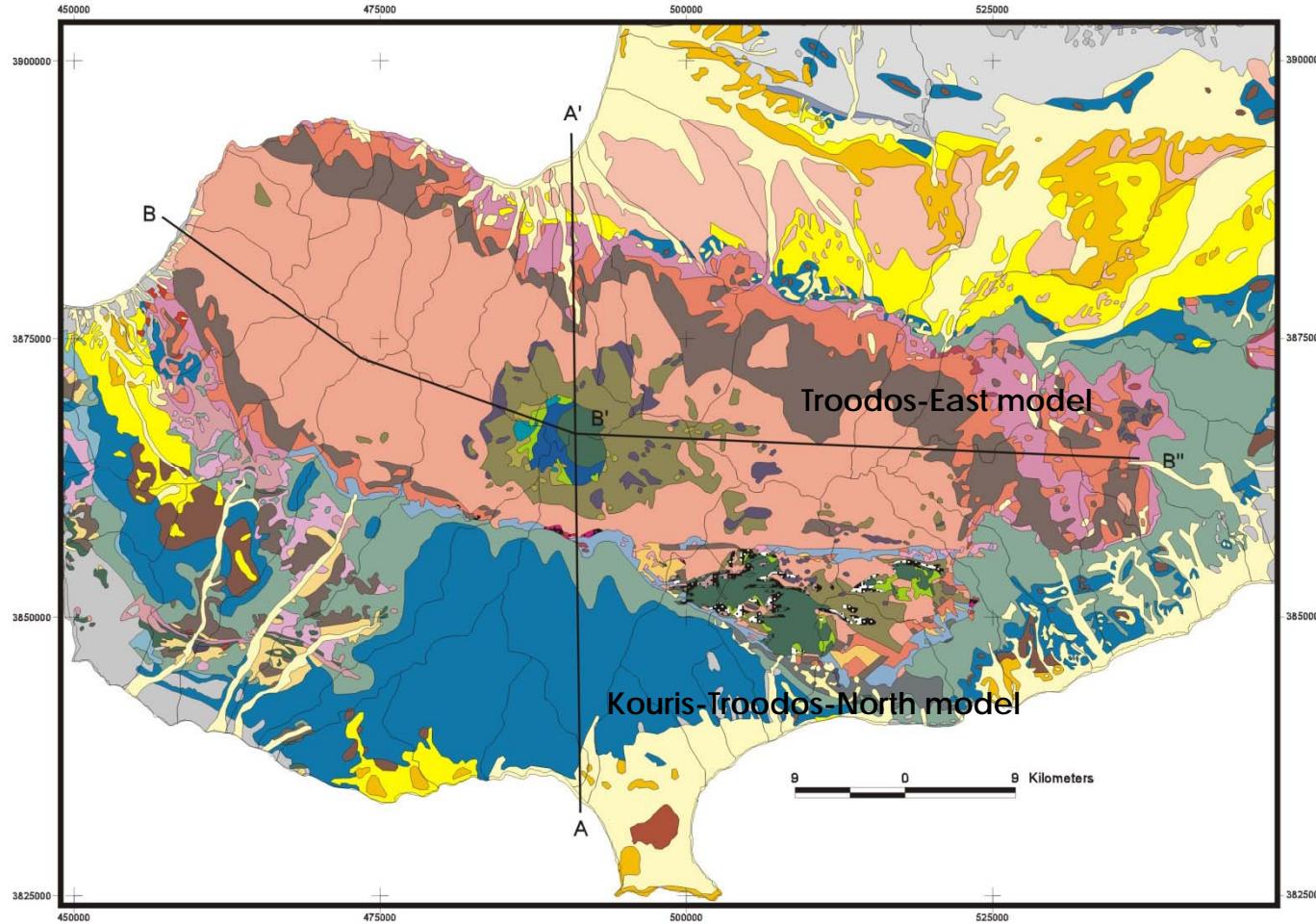


Wie fließt Grundwasser im Untergrund? Beispiel Zypern



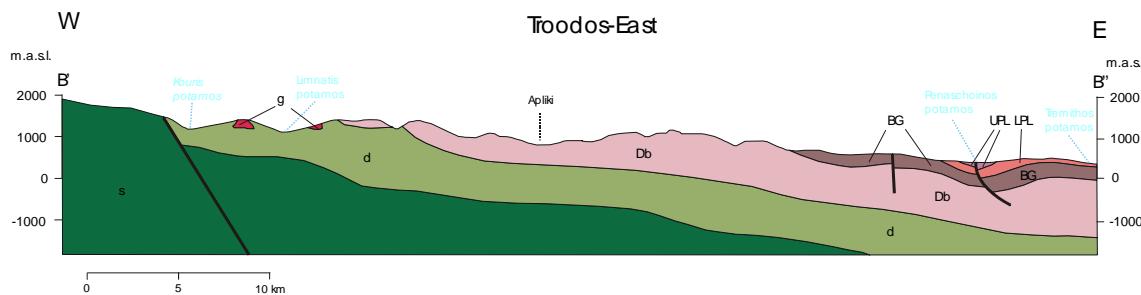
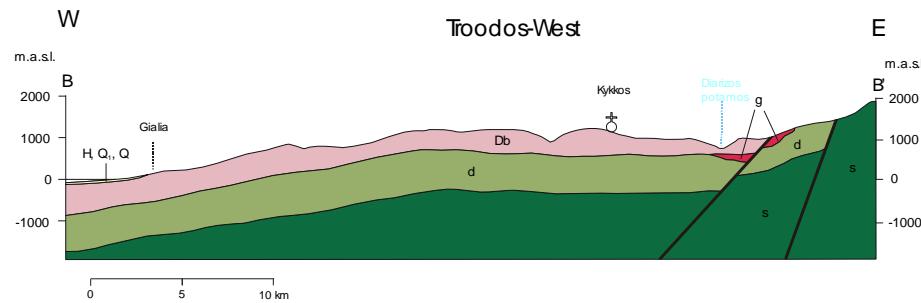
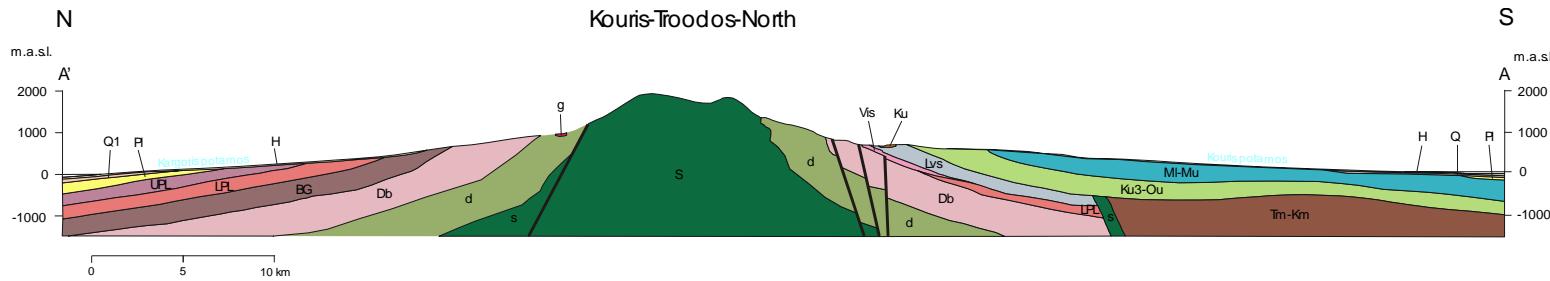
Re-evaluation of the **Groundwater Resources** of Cyprus
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Geologische Karte und Lage der Schnitte



Re-evaluation of the Groundwater Resources of Cyprus
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Schichtenbau und Stratigraphie



Re-evaluation of the **Groundwater Resources of Cyprus**
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Tiefenabhängigkeit von:

- **hydraulischer Leitfähigkeit**
- **effektiver Porosität**

Beide nehmen exponentiell ab, dies wird durch einen Tiefenfaktor berücksichtigt.

Table 1 Summary of measured and modelled conductivities and transmissivities for different lithologies and regions

Formation	Region	Models	Aquifer-thickness [m]		Hyd. Conductivity [m/s]		Transmissivity [m ² /s]		Mean conductivity [m/s]	Hyd.conductivity [m/s]
			min	max	min	max	min	max		
UBR	Upper Troodos	All	20	50	5.89E-06	7.65E-05	2.06E-04	2.45E-03	4.40E-05	5.00E-08
Gabbro	Pitsilia, TroodosE	All	10	100	9.00E-07	1.20E-05	7.20E-05	1.20E-04	5.27E-07	1.20E-07
Diabase	TroodosN	Kouris-TroodosN	45	110	1.55E-07	3.00E-06	5.40E-05	3.00E-04	7.94E-07	5.00E-07
Diabase	Troodos E	Troodos E	20	175	1.14E-07	3.64E-06	1.14E-05	4.00E-04	6.90E-07	2.00E-07
Diabase	Troodos W	Troodos W	10	90	2.25E-07	2.00E-05	2.25E-05	8.00E-04	8.68E-07	2.00E-07
Basal Group	Troodos N	Kouris-Troodos N Troodos E	10	70	2.14E-07	1.25E-05	1.50E-05	1.25E-04	6.35E-06	8.00E-07
Basal Group	Troodos N, NE		30	120	1.77E-07	6.67E-06	2.13E-05	2.00E-04	3.42E-06	8.00E-06
Basal Group	Troodos E	Troodos W	10	90	2.25E-06	9.00E-05	1.80E-04	5.50E-03	2.03E-05	6.00E-06
Pillow Lavas		All	30	50	1.20E-06	1.50E-05	6.00E-05	3.00E-04	6.60E-06	7.00E-08
Transform Lavas and Breccia	Troodos S	Kouris-TroodosN	20	50	1.80E-06	1.20E-05	9.00E-05	3.00E-04	6.65E-06	6.50E-07
Lefkara-chalks	Troodos S	Kouris-Troodos N	35	150	3.00E-07	4.00E-05	3.00E-05	1.40E-03	9.15E-07	2.50E-07
Pakhna-chalks	NW Lemesos	Kouris-Troodos N	20	165	2.00E-07	9.50E-06	1.20E-05	4.75E-04	1.76E-06	3.50E-07
Gravel	Kouris_Episkopi	All	25	80	8.10E-07	1.32E-04	6.48E-05	5.28E-03	5.72E-05	7.00E-05
Gravel	TroodosN	All	25	30	3.74E-05	1.01E-04	9.35E-04	2.53E-03	8.90E-05	7.00E-05

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Table 1 Lithology and volumetric dimensions of the fractured aquifers

Catchment	Area [km ²]	Sat. aquifer thickness [km]	Dewaterable Aquifervolume V _d [km ³]
Upper Xeros	67.57	0.05	3.38
Upper Kargotis	16.80	0.05	0.84

Table 2 Recession parameters and resulting porosities

Catchment	Aquifer-lithology	High baseflow discharge Q ₀ [m ³ /s]	Recession constant k [days/log cycle volume change]	Desiccation constant α [1/s]	Water storage volume Q _d [km ³]	Effective Porosity P _{eff} [%]
Upper Xeros	Diabase	0.4	120	0.0192	1.80 E-03	0.05
Upper Kargotis (primary porosity)	Ultramafic Sequence	0.6	115	0.0200	2.59E-03	0.31
Upper Kargotis (secondary porosity)	Ultramafic Sequence	0.2	450	0.0051	3.38E-03	0.40

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Formation	Effective porosity [%]
Alluvium	12
Fanglomerates	10
Apalos-Kakkaristra- Athalassa	2
Nicosia	1
Pakhna	0.1
Lefkara	0.1
Upper Pillow Lavas	0.01
Lower Pillow Lavas	0.01
Basal Group	0.08
Diabase	0.05
Plagiogranite	0.05
Gabbro	0.08
Mantle Sequence	0.35
Agios Photios	0.1

*Beachten Sie die
geringe effektive Porosität!
Das ist typisch für
Festgestein und ganz
wichtig für das
Hydrologische Verhalten:*

- starker Anstieg der GWS
- viele Quellen

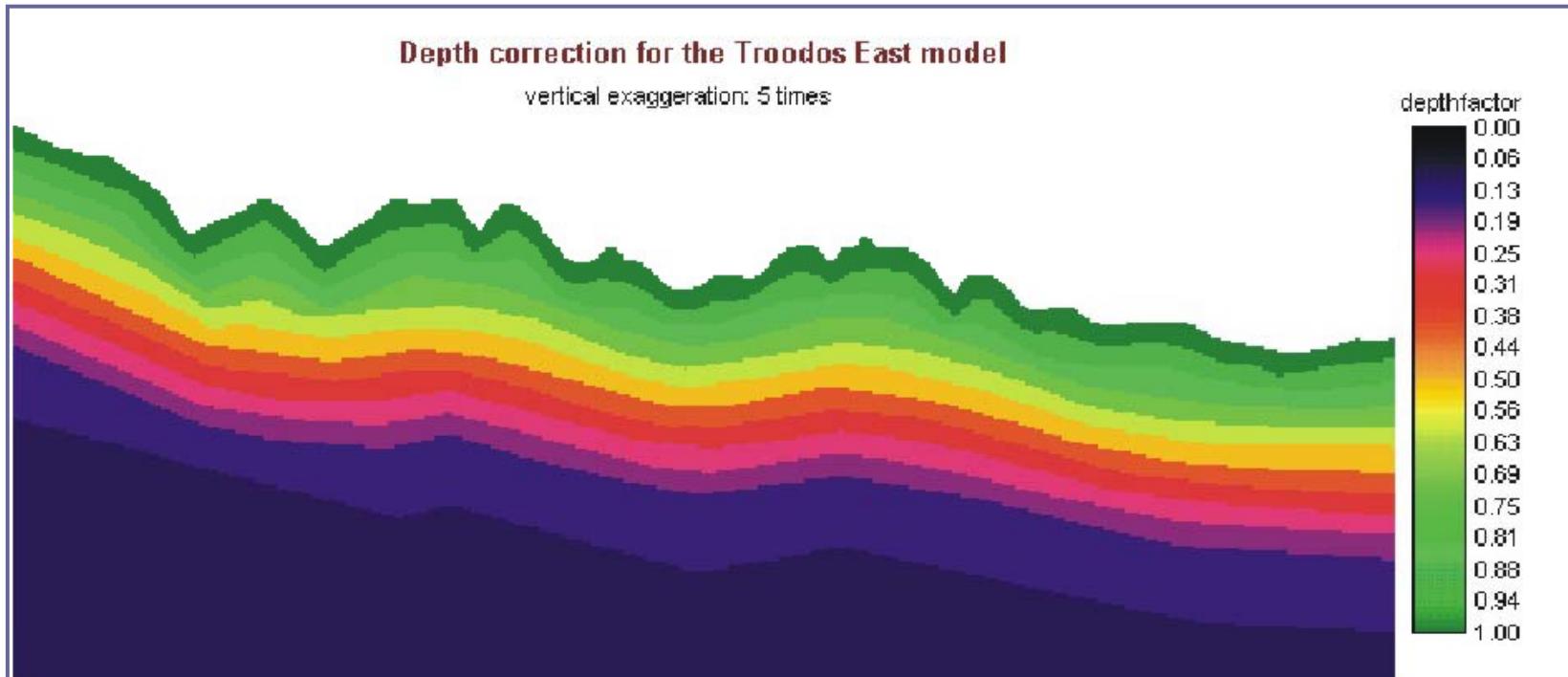
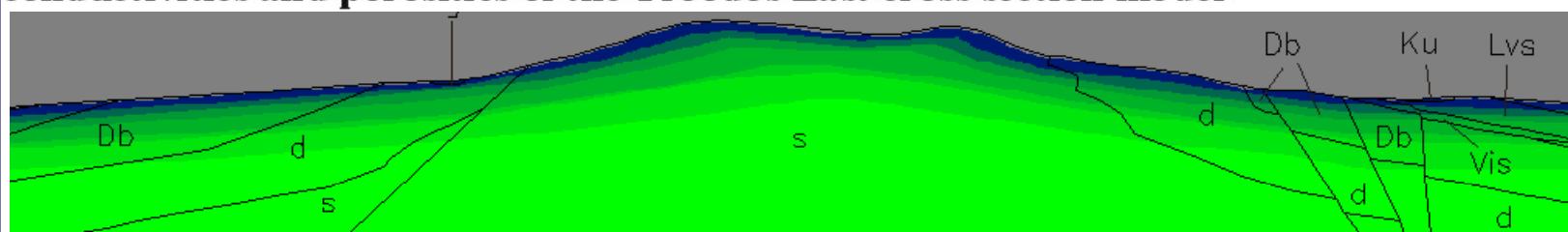


Fig. 1 Illustration of the depthfactor steps used to correct hydraulic conductivities and porosities of the Troodos East cross section model



Depth factor for the Kouris-Troodos-North model: exponential decrease from 1 (blue) to light green (0.1)

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Groundwater models – Troodos Concept Model

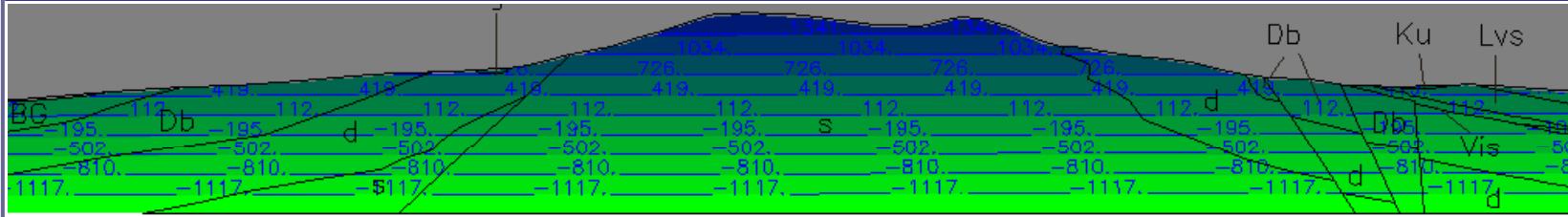


Fig. 1 Initial hydraulic heads of the Kouris-Troodos-North model

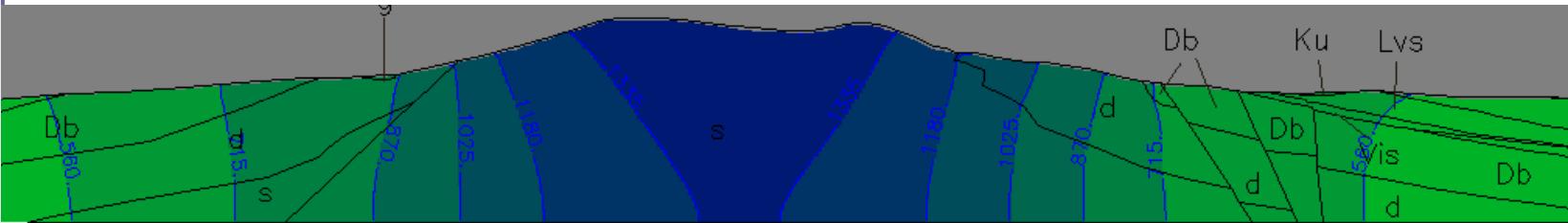


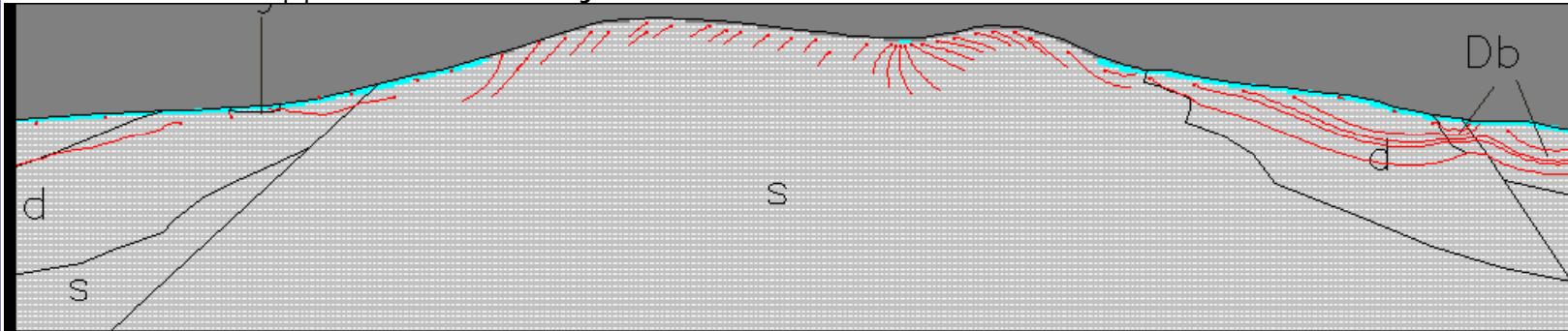
Fig. 2 Hydraulic heads after the model run

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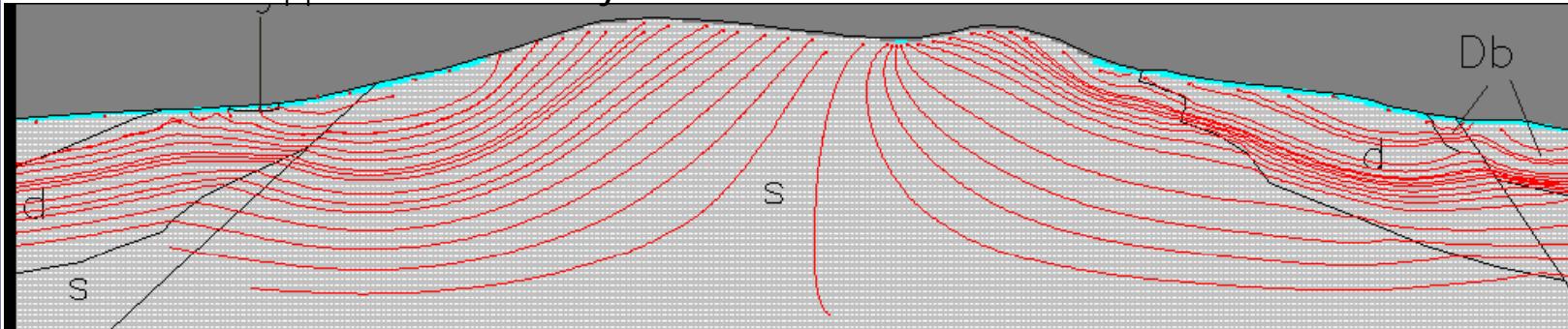
Groundwater models – Troodos Concept Model

Pathlines of the three models for different time periods

Pathlines for the Upper Troodos for **10 years**



Pathlines for the Upper Troodos for **200 years**

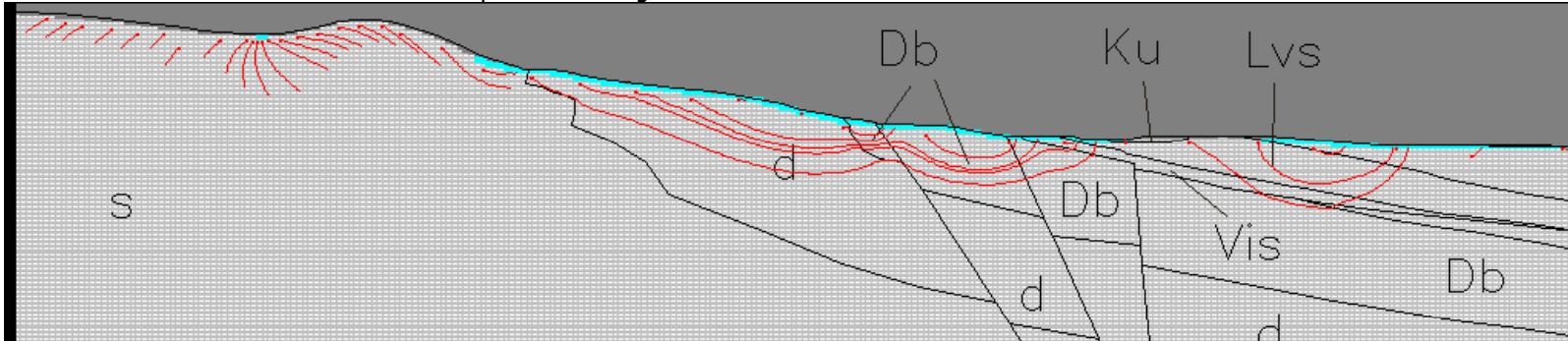


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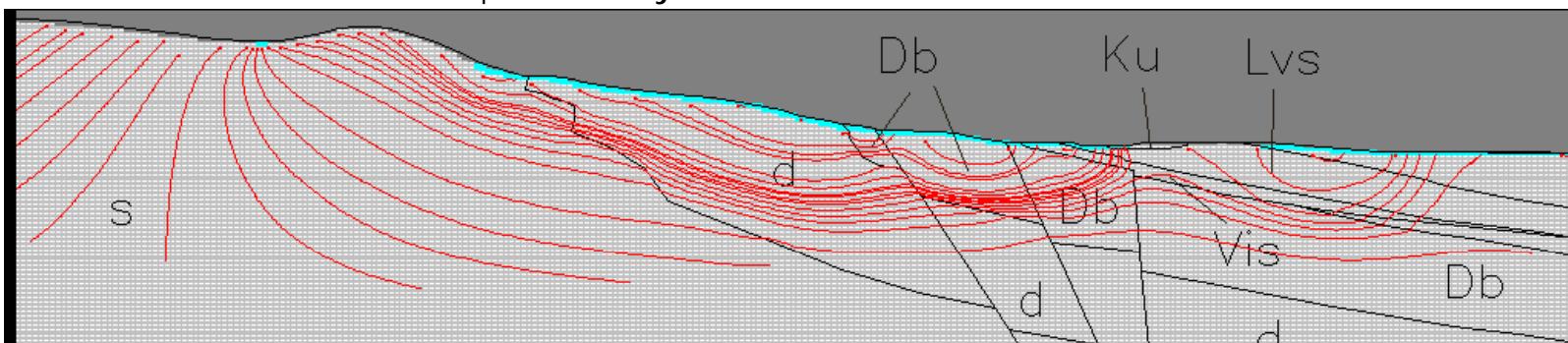
Groundwater models – Troodos Concept Model

Pathlines of the three models for different time periods

Pathlines for the Troodos-Arakapas for 10 years



Pathlines for the Troodos-Arakapas for 200 years

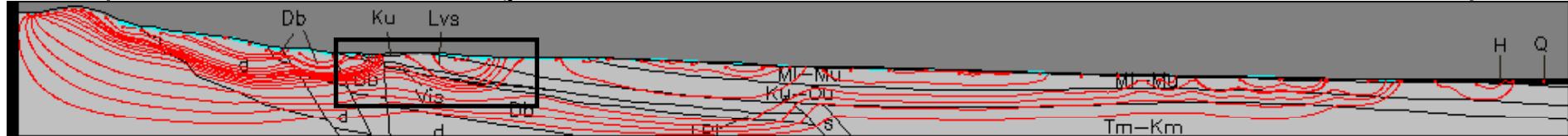


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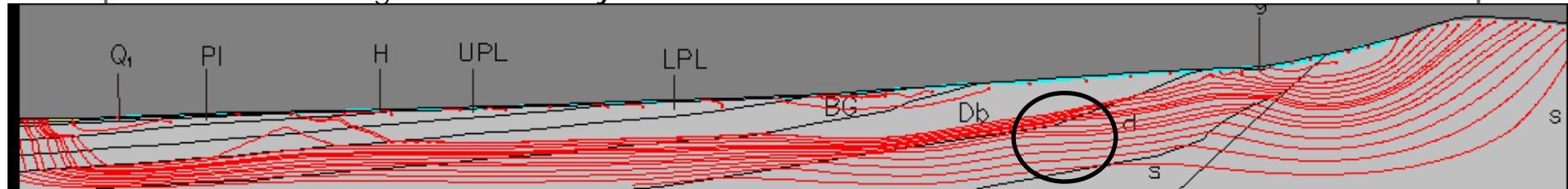
Groundwater models – Troodos Concept Model

Pathlines of the three models for different time periods

Pathlines for the Kouris for 400 years



Pathlines for the Kargotis river for 200 years



Re-evaluation of the **Groundwater Resources of Cyprus**
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- Man erkennt an den Fließbahnen die ‘Recharge’ Gebiete und die ‘Discharge’ Gebiete
- Hang-paralleles Fließen ist die Ausnahme
- Die hydraulische Leitfähigkeit nimmt mit der Tiefe (meist) exponentiell ab: daher fließt Wasser tendenziell sehr viel stärker nahe der Erdoberfläche